Cervical Cancer Review/Exam Questions:

True/False

1. HPV infection is rare in young, sexually active women.
2. HPV causes AIDS.
3. A Pap test is able to detect pre-cancerous changes in the cervix.
4. The cervix supports the weight of a baby developing in the uterus.
5. The ovaries produce eggs which then enter the vagina and may be fertilized.
6. CIN is a pre-cancerous condition of the cervix.
7. All women infected with HPV will eventually develop cervical cancer.
8. There are two major types of cervical cancer.
9. The virus that causes cervical cancer is transmitted via sexual contact.
10. Condoms are 100% effective in blocking the transmission of HPV.
11. The currently available HPV vaccine prevents cancer in women already infected with the virus.

Multiple Choice Questions

1. The organ in which a baby develops.
   a. Fallopian tube
   b. uterus
   c. cervix
   d. vagina
   e. ovaries

2. The ___ produce(s) and releases eggs.
   a. Fallopian tubes
   b. uterus
   c. cervix
   d. vagina
   e. ovaries

3. The _____is the passageway between the vagina and the uterus.
   a. fallopian tube
   b. uterus
   c. cervix
   d. vagina
   e. ovary

4. Eggs are released monthly and travel towards the uterus via the ____.
   a. Fallopian tube(s)
   b. uterus
   c. cervix
   d. vagina
   e. ovaries

5. Which of the following is NOT a risk factor for cervical cancer?
   a. Multiple sexual partners
   b. Condom usage
   c. HPV infection
   d. HIV infection
6. Which statement best describes the relationship between HPV infection and cervical cancer?
   a. Cervical cancer weakens women and allows them to become infected with HPV.
   b. HPV infection occurs many years before the development of cervical cancer.
   c. HPV infection occurs at birth and lasts for life.
   d. Cervical cancer occurs in every woman infected by HPV.
   e. None of the above is correct.
7. HPV is a type of ____.
   a. fungus
   b. bacteria
   c. virus
   d. worm
   e. yeast
8. In addition to cancer, HPV is known to cause ____.
   a. genital warts
   b. yeast infections
   c. *Chlamydia* infections
   d. ‘Trich’
   e. infertility
9. HPV causes cancer by ____.
   a. killing cells that would normally find and destroy cancer cells
   b. preventing normal growth signals from reaching cells
   c. blocking the entry to the cervix
   d. producing proteins that interfere with normal cell functions
   e. All of the above are correct.
10. Most women infected with HPV ____.
    a. develop cervical cancer
    b. clear the infection within two years
    c. are infected for the rest of their life
    d. have never engaged in sexual activity
    e. also develop AIDS in a few years
11. HPV is transmitted mainly by ____.
    a. breathing in contaminated air
    b. touching contaminated public items (doors, etc.)
    c. sexual contact
    d. eating improperly cooked food
    e. stepping on rusty nails
ANSWERS:
Multiple Choice Answers: b, e, c, a, b,