Trastuzumab

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Brand name: Herceptin®

IUPAC: Humanized anti-HER2 antibody

FDA approval: Yes Manufacturer Link

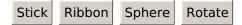
Usage:

Herceptin® is used to treat metastatic and early-stage breast cancer and is also FDA-approved to treat metastatic gastric cancer in combination with other drugs. Trastuzumab (Herceptin®) is given both alone and in combination with other treatments. In many cases, combination treatment with chemotherapy has been found to yield better results. Herceptin® is given via intravenous infusion in the arm or hand.1

• 1Chu, E., & DeVita, V. T. (2015). Physicians' cancer chemotherapy drug manual 2015. Burlington, MA: Jones & Bartlett Learning.

Mechanism:

Trastuzumab binds to the extracellular segment of the epidermalgrowth factor receptor (also called HER2, HER-2,HER2/neu). The binding blocks signals that would otherwise result in cell division. The result is a reduction in reproduction of cells treated with the drug. Note that the image shown is a general structure of an antibody. There are four proteins bound together in a 'Y' shape. The two top tips of the Y are where the antibody binds with its target. This means that each antibody molecule can bind to two identical target regions. 1



The diagram above shows the 3D molecular structure of meditope-enabled Trastuzumab.

• 1Chu, E., & DeVita, V. T. (2015). Physicians' cancerchemotherapy drug manual 2015. Burlington, MA: Jones & Bartlett Learning.

Side effects:

Common side effects associated with treatment with Trastuzumab are heavily infusion dependent, as they include: fever, chills, fatigue, nausea and vomiting. Less common side effects include: myelosuppression, cardiotoxicity and pulmonary toxicity.

• 1Chu, E., & DeVita, V. T. (2015). Physicians' cancerchemotherapy drug manual 2015. Burlington, MA: Jones & Bartlett Learning.